# Checklist Table

*getSubModulesForEar*

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| --- | --- |
| **Naming Conventions** | * The name of the method is self-explicative. In fact, it collect the list of the sub-modules in the application grouped in the Ear (Enterprise Archive). The other methods involved have meaningful and coherent names. The only suggestion is to change the returned variable name *moduleInfoList* with something like *subModuleEarList* (more meaningful, in practice). * No one-character variables are used in this method. * The classes involved in the method are nouns in mixed case with the first letter capitalized. Only the *application* one has a path-structure:   *com.sun.enterprise.deployment.Application* (probably for path-readability purpose).   * The names of the involved methods follow the standard convention (verbs, with the first letter of each addition word capitalized). * The attributes are all in *CamelCase*. * There are not constants involved in this method. |
| **Indentions** | * The indentation is always a four spaces indentation (**note**: four spaces equals a tab, as a main standard in programming). |
| **Braces** | * The braces follow coherently the Kernighan and Ritchie style. * There are only two blocks in the method (one for, one if). Both of them have the suggested structure:   ***for/if***  *<condition> {*  *<< lines of code >>*  *}* |
| **Files Organization** | * No blank lines and optional comments are used to separate the different parts of the code.   For example, the insertion of blank lines between lines 278-279, 279-280, 282-283 may be a good idea (in order to separate lines of code different from a conceptual point of view).   * There is only a very long line (279) with 115 characters (over 80, but still less than 120). We can do better with a compression of the application class path -> from “*com.sun.enterprise.deployment.Application*” to just “*Application*”. |
| **Wrapping Lines** | * Line breaks always occur after a comma or an operator. * No high level breaks are used, because they are not requested in this specific part of code. * The statements are always aligned with respect to the nesting level. |
| **Comments** | * There is only a short comment line (278) at the top of the method. It says:   // list sub components for ear  The method in fact gets all the subcomponents for ear. Probably, the name of the method is self-explicative, so the comment is a little bit redundant.   * There are not out-date comments for this method. |
| **Java Source Files** | * There is not Javadoc in the method (and in the class). * There is only one class declared in *ListSubComponentsCommand.java*, that implements one interface (*AdminCommand*). * There are not inner classes. |
| **Package and Import Statements** | * There are many “*import*” commands, on the top of the class, as standard in the programming language world. |
| **Class and Interface Declarations** |  |
| **Initialization and Declarations** |  |
| **Method Calls** |  |
| **Arrays** |  |
| **Object Comparison** | * There is only one comparison (line 286) and it is done in the right way (with *equals()*). |
| **Output Format** | * The method is a getter. There is not a displayed output, but just a returned list of elements. * No error messages are necessary. |
| **Computation, Comparisons and Assignments** | * The implementation of the method is elegant. It avoids “brutish programming”. * The order of computation/evaluation, operator precedence and parenthesizing is correct. * No additional parentheses are added to clarify the operator precedence. By the way, we suggest to add parentheses after the ‘=’ in lines 284, 287 to clarify the precedence of the assignment over the string concatenation with ‘+’. * There are no divisions, so there are not denominators that can assume zero as value. * There are no divisions, so we cannot have problem with divisions between integer numbers. * CONTINUE FROM THIS POINT |
| **Exceptions** | * No try-catch blocks are in the code. * There are not relevant exceptions to catch in the method. |
| **Flow of Control** | * There are not switch statements in the code. * After the execution of the *for statement*, the method always returns the list of sub-modules. Note that there is always convergence because the sub-modules are in a finite number. * The only one loop (for, lines 283~290) is well formed. |
| **Files** | * No Files are directly involved in the method. |